

Review**Mean, Median, Mode**

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\text{sum of the data items}}{\text{total number of data items}}$$

Use the mean to describe the middle of a set of data that *does not* have an outlier. An **outlier** is a data value that is much higher or lower than the other data values in the set. The mean is often referred to as the average.

The **median** is the middle value in the set when the numbers are arranged in order. For a set containing an even number of data items, the median is the mean of the two middle data values.

Use the median to describe the middle of a set of data that *does* have an outlier.

The **mode** is the data item that occurs the most times. It is possible for a set of data to have no mode, one mode, or more than one mode.

Use the mode when the data are nonnumeric or when choosing the most popular item.

Lesson 1.2 • Summarizing Data with Measures of Center

Name _____ Period _____ Date _____

1. Find the mean, median, mode, and range of each data set.

- a. {10, 54, 72, 43, 25, 29, 36, 10, 68}
- b. {16, 11, 31, 19, 12, 17, 13, 14}
- c. {12, 26, 21, 36, 25, 20, 21}
- d. {25, 25, 30, 30, 35, 35}

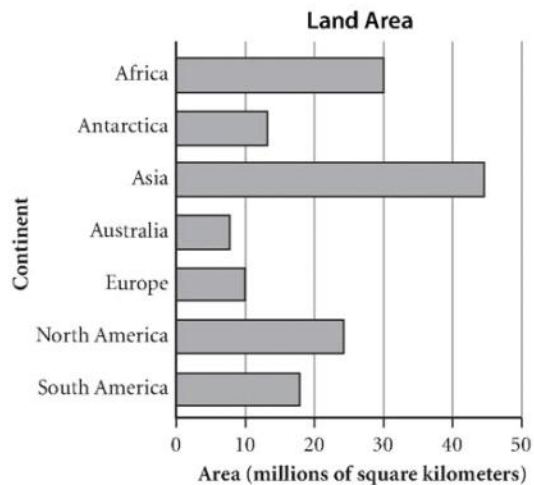
2. Find the mean, median, and mode of each dot plot.



3. Create a data set that fits each description.

- a. The median age of Shauna and her six siblings is 14. The range of their ages is 12 years and the mode is 10.
- b. Jorge took six math tests during the current marking period. His mean mark is 83 and his median mark is 85.
- c. Laurel took a survey of the number of coins eight students had in their pockets. The minimum was 7, the mode was 11, the median was 10, and the range was 9.

4. This bar graph shows the approximate land area of the seven continents.

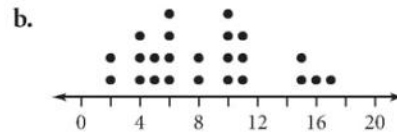
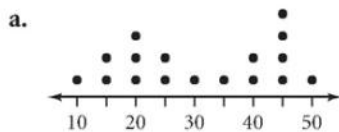


- a. Find the approximate mean and median of this data set.
- b. What is the approximate range of this data set?

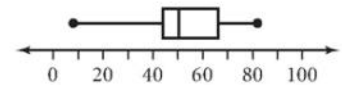
Lesson 1.3 • Five-Number Summaries and Box Plots

Name _____ Period _____ Date _____

- Find the five-number summary for each data set.
 - {37, 44, 5, 8, 20, 11, 14}
 - {10, 1, 3, 4, 30, 4, 20, 22, 10, 25, 30}
 - {25, 27, 33, 14, 31, 16, 22, 24, 43, 25, 37, 39, 42}
 - {35, 17, 2, 32, 47, 13, 22, 7, 21, 55, 5, 52, 34, 41, 25, 8}
- Circle the points that represent the five-number summary values in the dot plots below. If two data points are needed to calculate the median, first quartile, or third quartile, draw a circle around both points. List the five-number summary values for each plot.



- Which data set matches this box plot? (More than one answer may be correct.)
 - {70.2, 52, 24.5, 61, 77, 26, 9, 51, 64, 28, 54, 28}
 - {59, 47, 79, 8, 65, 42, 23, 70, 82, 62, 48, 42, 52, 67.5, 49, 46}
 - {82, 36, 42, 8, 61, 50}



- Create a data set with the five-number summary 6, 10, 12, 15, 20 that contains each number of values.
 - 11
 - 12
- This table shows the number of bachelor's degrees earned in various fields at a private university for 1994 and 2004.

Bachelor's Degrees Awarded

Degree field	1994	2004	Degree field	1994	2004
Architecture	76	78	English literature	129	143
Biological sciences	158	172	Law	18	29
Business and management	410	422	Mathematics	62	65
Computer science	132	205	Philosophy	43	52
Cultural studies	25	46	Physical sciences	107	110
Education	247	261	Visual and performing arts	154	141
Engineering	351	370			

- Give the five-number summaries and the mean for each data set.
- Create a box plot for each data set on the same number line.